

Material data sheet

EOS Titanium Ti64

EOS Titanium Ti64 is a titanium alloy powder intended for processing on EOS DMLS™ machines.

This document provides information and data for parts built using:

- EOS Titanium Ti64 powder (EOS art.-no. 9011-0014 and 9011-0039)
- EOS DMLS™ machine: EOSINT M 290 400 W
- HSS blade (2200-4073)
 - Argon atmosphere
 - IPCM extra sieving module with 63 µm mesh (9044-0032) recommended
- EOSYSTEM:
 - EOSPRINT v 1.5 or newer
 - HCS v 2.4.14 or newer
- EOS Parameter set: Ti64_Performance_M291 1.10

Description

EOS Titanium Ti64 has a chemical composition corresponding to ASTM F1472 and ASTM F2924.

Ti64 is well-known light alloy, characterized by having excellent mechanical properties and corrosion resistance combined with low specific weight. Ti64 material is ideal for many high-performance applications.

Parts built with EOS Titanium Ti64 powder can be machined, shot-peened and polished in as-built and heat treated states. Due to the layerwise building method, the parts have a certain anisotropy.

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Technical Data

Powder properties

The chemical composition of the powder (wt-%):

Material composition

Element	Min	Max
Al	5.50	6.75
V	3.50	4.50
O	-	0.20
N	-	0.05
C	-	0.08
H	-	0.015
Fe	-	0.30
Y	-	0.005
Other elements, each	-	0.10
Other elements, total	-	0.40
Ti	Bal.	

Max. particle size

> 63µm	0.3 wt%
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General process data

Layer thickness	30 µm
Volume rate [1]	5 mm ³ /s (18 cm ³ /h) 1.1 in ³ /h

[1] The volume rate is a measure of build speed during laser exposure of the skin area per laser scanner. The total build speed depends on this volume rate and many other factors such as exposure parameters of contours, supports, up and downskin, recoating time, Home-In or LPM settings.

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Physical and chemical properties of parts*

Part density [2]	Approx. 4.41 g/cm ³ Approx. 0.159 lb/in ³
Min. wall thickness [3]	Approx. 0.3 - 0.4 mm Approx. 0.012 - 0.016 inch
Surface roughness after shot peening [4]	Ra 5 - 9 µm; Rz 20-50 µm Ra 0.20 - 0.35 x 10 ⁻³ inch Rz 0.79 - 1.96 x 10 ⁻³ inch

[2] Weighing in air and water according to ISO 3369.

[3] Mechanical stability is dependent on geometry (wall height etc.) and application.

[4] Measurement according to ISO 4287. Due to the layerwise building the roughness strongly depends on the orientation of the surface, for example sloping and curved surfaces exhibit a stair-step effect.

Hardness*

Hardness as build [5]	Approx. 320 HV5
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[5] Hardness measurement according to standard EN ISO 6507-1 with load 5kg (HV5)

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Tensile data at room temperature* [6, 7]

	Heat treated [8]	
	Horizontal	Vertical
Ultimate tensile strength, Rm	1055 MPa	1075 MPa
Yield strength, Rp0.2	945 MPa	965 MPa
Elongation at break, A	13 %	14 %
Reduction of area, Z	> 25 %	> 25 %

[6] Tensile testing according to ISO 6892-1 A14, proportional test pieces. Horizontal: diameter of the neck area 5 mm (0.2 inch), original gauge length 20 mm (0,79 inch). Vertical: diameter of the neck area 4 mm (0.16 inch), original gauge length 16 mm (0.63 inch).

[7] The numbers are average values determined from samples with horizontal and vertical orientation respectively. Values are subject to variations depending on process conditions.

[8] Heat treatment procedure: Specimens were heat treated at 800 °C for 2 hours in argon inert atmosphere.



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Abbreviations

Min.	Minimum
Max.	Maximum
Approx.	Approximately
Wt.	Weight

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EOS Titanium Ti64

EOS Titanium Ti64 is a titanium alloy powder which has been optimized especially for processing on EOSINT M systems.

This document provides information and data for parts built using EOS Titanium Ti64 powder (EOS art.-no. 9011-0014) on the following system specifications:

- EOSINT M 280 with PSW 3.6 and Original EOS Parameter Set Ti64_Speed 1.0
- EOS M 290 400W with EOSPRINT 1.0 and Original EOS Parameter Set Ti64_Performance 1.0 und Ti64_Speed 1.0

Description

Parts built in EOS Titanium Ti64 have a chemical composition corresponding to ISO 5832-3, ASTM F1472 and ASTM B348.

This well-known light alloy is characterized by having excellent mechanical properties and corrosion resistance combined with low specific weight and biocompatibility.

This material is ideal for many high-performance engineering applications, for example in aerospace and motor racing, and also for the production of biomedical implants (note: subject to fulfilment of statutory validation requirements where appropriate).

Due to the layerwise building method, the parts have a certain anisotropy, which can be reduced or removed by appropriate heat treatment - see Technical Data for examples.

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Technical data

General process and geometric data

Typical achievable part accuracy [1], [8]	$\pm 50 \mu\text{m}$
Min. wall thickness [2], [8]	approx. 0.3 – 0.4 mm approx. 0.012 – 0.016 inch
Surface roughness, as built [3], [8]	
Ti64 Performance (30 μm)	R_a 9 – 12 μm , R_z 40 – 80 μm R_a 0.36 – 0.47 $\times 10^{-3}$ inch, R_z 1.6 – 3.2 $\times 10^{-3}$ inch
Ti64 Speed (60 μm)	R_a 6 – 10 μm , R_z 35 – 40 μm R_a 0.23 – 0.39 $\times 10^{-3}$ inch, R_z 1.37 – 1.57 $\times 10^{-3}$ inch
Volume rate [4]	
Ti64 Performance (30 μm)	5 mm^3/s (18 cm^3/h) 0.82 in^3/h
Ti64 Speed (60 μm)	9 mm^3/s (32.4 cm^3/h) 1.98 in^3/h

- [1] Based on users' experience of dimensional accuracy for typical geometries. Part accuracy is subject to appropriate data preparation and post-processing, in accordance with EOS training.
- [2] Mechanical stability is dependent on geometry (wall height etc.) and application
- [3] Due to the layerwise building, the surface structure depends strongly on the orientation of the surface, for example sloping and curved surfaces exhibit a stair-step effect. The values also depend on the measurement method used. The values quoted here given an indication of what can be expected for horizontal (up-facing) or vertical surfaces.
- [4] Volume rate is a measure of build speed during laser exposure. The total build speed depends on the average volume rate, the recoating time (related to the number of layers) and other factors such as DMLS-Start settings.

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Physical and chemical properties of parts*

Material composition	Ti (balance) Al (5.5 – 6.75 wt.-%) V (3.5 – 4.5 wt.-%) O (< 2000 ppm) N (< 500 ppm) C (< 800 ppm) H (< 150 ppm) Fe (< 3000 ppm)
Relative density	approx. 100 %
Density	4.41 g/cm ³ 0.159 lb/in ³

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Mechanical properties of parts* [8]

	As built	Heat treated [6]
Tensile strength [5]		
- in horizontal direction (XY)	typ. 1290 ± 50 MPa typ. 187 ± 7 ksi	min. 930 MPa (134.8 ksi) typ. 1100 ± 40 MPa (160 ± 6 ksi)
- in vertical direction (Z)	typ. 1240 ± 50 MPa typ. 187 ± 7 ksi	min. 930 MPa (134.8 ksi) typ. 1100 ± 40 MPa (160 ± 6 ksi)
Yield strength (R_{p0.2}) [5]		
- in horizontal direction (XY)	typ. 1140 ± 50 MPa typ. 165 ± 7 ksi	min. 860 MPa (124.7 ksi) typ. 1000 ± 50 MPa (145 ± 7 ksi)
- in vertical direction (Z)	typ. 1120 ± 80 MPa typ. 162 ± 12 ksi	min. 860 MPa (124.7 ksi) typ. 1000 ± 60 MPa (145 ± 9 ksi)
Elongation at break [5]		
- in horizontal direction (XY)	typ. (7 ± 3) %	min. 10 % typ. (13.5 ± 2 %)
- in vertical direction (Z)	typ. (10 ± 3) %	min. 10 % typ. (14.5 ± 2 %)
Modulus of elasticity [5]		
- in horizontal direction (XY)	typ. 110 ± 15 GPa typ. 16 ± 2 Msi	typ. 110 ± 15 GPa typ. 16 ± 2 Msi
- in vertical direction (Z)	typ. 110 ± 15 GPa typ. 16 ± 2 Msi	typ. 110 ± 15 GPa typ. 16 ± 2 Msi
Hardness [7]	typ. 320 ± 12 HV5	

[5] Tensile testing according to ISO 6892-1:2009 (B) Annex D, proportional test pieces, diameter of the neck area 5 mm (0.2 inch), original gauge length 25 mm (1 inch).

[6] Specimens were treated at 800 °C (1470 °F) for 4 hours in argon inert atmosphere. Mechanical properties are expressed as minimum values to indicate that mechanical properties exceed the minimum requirements of material specification standards. ASTM F1472-08. By fulfilling these minimum values, also the specifications of standards ASTM B348-09 and ISO 5832-3:2000 are met.

[7] Vickers hardness measurement (HV) according to EN ISO 6507-1 on polished surface. Note that measured hardness can vary significantly depending on how the specimen has been prepared.

[8] Hint: these properties were determined for Ti64_Performance 1.0 on an EOSINT M 280-400W and EOSINT M 290-400W. Test parts from Ti64_Speed 1.0 were determined on machine types EOSINT M 280-400W and correspond with data from an EOS M 290-400W.

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Thermal properties of parts*

Maximum long-term operating temperature	approx. 350 °C approx. 660 °F
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Abbreviations

typ.	typical
min.	minimum
wt.	weight
approx.	approximately

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